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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/495,540	02/01/2000	Vinay Agarwala	5448-009	4994
7590 04/19/2005			EXAMINER	
John P Ward			HARVEY, DAVID E	
Blakely Sokoloff Taylor & Zafman LLP 12400 Wilshire Boulevard Seventh floor			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Los Angeles, CA 90025			2614	

DATE MAILED: 04/19/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/495,540	AGARWALA				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	DAVID E HARVEY	2614				
<ul> <li>The MAILING DATE of this communication app</li> <li>Period for Reply</li> </ul>	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (8) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Faiture to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	i8(a). In no event, however, may a reply be firm within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nety filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 07 Ju	ne 2004.					
	action is non-final.					
· <u>·</u>	<u> </u>					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>7-9,20-22,31 and 32</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) 7,20 and 31 is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) 8. 9. 21. 22. and 32 is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	<b>`</b>					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d),						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign</li> <li>a) All b) Some c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents</li> </ul>	have been received.					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	of the certified copies not received	d.				
Attachment(s)						
<ul> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)</li> <li>Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ul>	4) Interview Summary ( Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informat Pa 6) Other:	(PTO-413) te atent Application (PTO-152)				

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1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

# 2. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Matsui</u> [JP 6-339150].

#### I. Preface:

The following is noted:

- Applicants' own figure 2 illustrates a conventional "alpha mixer";
- 2) Such conventional "alpha mixer" operate to combine two video signals according to equation:
  - ( $\alpha$ ) x (video signals A) + (1- $\alpha$ ) x (video signal B) = combined video signal.
- 3) The equation recited in lines 12-15 of claim 7 fails to distinguish the claim over conventional "alpha mixer" in view that the recited equation represents/encompasses conventional "alpha mixing" when B is equal to B'.

### II. The Showing of Matsui:

As is described in the abstract with reference to the figure, <u>Matsui</u> disclosed a process for forming a composite image that included:

- A) A step/element (@ 1) for providing a foreground image having:
  - 1) A foreground object portion (2);
  - 2) A shadow portion (3); and

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3) An a blue background portion;

B) A step/element (@ 4) for providing a background image;

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- C) A step/element for generating a chroma-key signal from the blue background of the foreground image and for utilizing the generated chroma-key signal to separate the foreground image into two separate foreground image components:
  - 1) A first component (@ 5) comprising the foreground object portion; and
  - 2) A second component (@ 6) comprising the remaining background portion of the foreground image including the shadow portion and the blue background portion;
- D) A step/element for calculating an average brightness level of the image (@ 6) representing the background portion of the foreground image and for utilizing this average brightness level to generate a threshold level;
- E) A step/element for using this generated threshold level to extract the shadow portion (@ 7) from the blue background portion;
- F) A step/element for adding the extracted shadow portion (@ 7) to the background image (@ 4) to create a first combined image (@ 8) representing a modified background image;
- G) A step/element for combining the first combined image (@ 8) with the object image (@ 5) to create a final composite image (@ 9).

## III. With respect to the limitations of claim 7:

- 1) The recited "foreground image" of claim 7 corresponds to the foreground image component (@ 6) in Matsui;
- 2) The recited "shadow control module" corresponds to the steps/elements which generated the described

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threshold level from said foreground image (@ 6), and to the steps/elements that are inherent in <a href="Matsui">Matsui</a> which compared this generated threshold level to the pixels of the foreground image to generate a "shadow key" signal identifying those pixels which exceeded the threshold level and those pixels which did not exceed the threshold level:

- 3) The recited "shadow generation module" corresponds to the steps/elements in <u>Matsui</u> which actually selected/passed the shadow pixels to the shadow image (@ 7) based on the "shadow key" that was inherently produced by the described threshold process; and
- 4) The recited "shadowing module" is met by the steps/elements in <u>Matsui</u> which operated to produce the modified background image signal (@ 8) from the background image (@ 4) and the extracted shadow component (@ 7).

## IV. Differences:

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Claim 7 differs from the showing of Matsui only in that claim 7 recites:

- 1) That the images being combine are "video" images; and
- 2) The combining equation that is set forth in lines 12-15.

#### V. Obviousness:

- A) While the images shown in the figure of <u>Matsui</u> were not described within the "Abstract" as having comprised "video" images, one of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized the obviousness of having utilized the described chromakey process of <u>Matsui</u> to combine "video" images given the fact that video image applications represented an area in the TV art in which chroma-key mixing techniques were known to have been desirably utilized.
- B) The equation set forth in lines 12-15 of claim 7 is met by conventional "alpha mixing operation for reason explained in part I of this Office action. Use of a conventional "alpha mixing operation in Matsui would have been a obvious and desirable choice of design given the well known advantages associated therewith. That is:
  - 1) The equation defined by the recitation of claim 7 represents a notoriously well known and conventional additive mixing formula

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whereby the net % of mixed components being added, advantageously, always equals "one" (i.e. 100%).

- 2) It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to have additively mixed the images @ 4 and @ 7 via a mixing ratio which adds up to "one" as prescribed by the recited "conventional" formula to obtain well known benefits provided thereby; i.e. to prevent overflow and/or clipping.
- 3. Claim 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Matsui</u> [JP 6-339150] for the same reasons that were set forth for claim 7 above.
- 4. Claims 31 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Matsui</u> [JP 6-339150] for the same reasons that were set forth for claim 7 above. Additionally, the following is noted:

The examiner takes Official Notice that is was notoriously well known in the art to have been advantageous to have used conventional software driven "computers" to perform all types of image/video processing including image/video compositing; e.g. given the inherent and desirable flexibility offered by such computer implementation. Being such, it would have been obvious to ones of ordinary skill in the art to have programmed a computer to provide the image/video signal processing described by Matsui.

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5. <u>Mendrala et al.</u> has been cited because is illustrates a system for adding shadows to composited images/video.

- 6. Claims 8, 9, 21, 22, and 32 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
  - a) In the context of the claims, the prior art of record fails to show or suggest the reciting method of compositing (i.e. one in which B is not equal to B').
- 7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

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however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to DAVID E HARVEY whose telephone number is (703) 305-4365. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F from 9AM to 6PM

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Miller, can be reached on 703-305-4795. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

DAVID E HARVEY
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2614

DEH 8/04